

Series:

Code No. E1SS1

Roll No.

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Candidates must write the Code No on the title page of the answer-book

1. Please check that this question paper contains 6 printed pages + 1 Map.
2. Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
3. Please check that this question paper contains 28 questions.
4. Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
5. 15 minute time has been allotted to read this question paper. During these time students are not allowed to write answers

**SOCIAL SCIENCE**  
**(CODE NO. 087)**  
**CLASS-X**

**Time Allowed: 3 Hours**

**Maximum Marks: 80**

**General Instructions:**

1. The question paper has **28** questions in all. All questions are **compulsory**.
2. Marks are indicated against each question.
3. Questions from serial number **1 to 7** are very short answer type questions. Each question carries **one mark**.
4. Questions from serial number **8 to 18** are **3 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **80 words** each.
5. Questions from serial number **19 to 25** are **5 marks** questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed **100 words** each.
6. Question numbers **26 & 27** are map questions from History with **1 mark each**.
7. Question number **28** is map question of **3 marks** from Geography.
8. For Q. Nos. 26, 27 and 28 (map based questions) one outline political map of India is provided. After completion the work, attach the map inside your answer book.
9. Questions at Serial Number –**19, 21, 22 & 24** have **Internal Choice**. Attempt **any one** option out of the given in **each of these questions**.

1. Write any two common factors that can be identified among Aristocrats before the development of collective belongings (H 8) (1)

OR

‘The idea of colonisation was driven by **Civilising Mission**’. What is the meaning of ‘Civilising Mission’ as concerned to Europeans?

2. What is the contribution of Marco Polo in the development of printing press in Europe? (H156) (1)

OR

‘Large farmers fenced off their land, bought machines and employed labours to produce for markets. The old rural culture with its independent farmers was dying out’.

Give the name of the novel explained above changes in English society

3. What do you mean by ‘Placer deposit? Give the name of any two minerals associated with this (1)

4. Write the main feature of Government which was established in Brussels after the policy of accommodation in Belgium. (1)

5. What are the two consumers’ rights which are included in COPRA 1986 mentioning in the following advertisement? (½ + ½)



**JAGO GRAHAK JAGO**

**CONSUMERS**

**BE AWARE OF YOUR RIGHTS**

- If not satisfied with the Goods / Services of a packaged commodity, approach consumer care cell, the details of which are given on the package.
- It is your right to know the gross weight of packaged commodity and demand a printed receipt free of cost from the retailer dealing in packaged commodities.

**Be alert and enforce your Rights as a Consumer**

Ministry of Consumer Affairs,  
Food and Public Distribution  
Department of Consumer Affairs  
Government of India, Krishi Bhawan,  
New Delhi-110001  
Website: www.fcamin.nic.in

FOR GUIDANCE CALL  
National Consumer Helpline No. - 1800-11-4000  
TOLL FREE - GSM / BTHL, 011 - 27662955 - 58  
(Normal call charges)

6. What are the three stages of resource planning in India? (1)

7. Ocean water contains vast quantities of minerals. But their extraction is not always economically beneficial. What was the main difficulty to extract minerals from the ocean (1)

8. Why is the construction of dams subjected to opposition, criticism and controversies? Give your answer with example. (3)

9. How was the formation of nation state in Britain different from other countries? (3)

OR

‘Education was seen as one way to civilise a nation but they faced a dilemma’. What was the dilemma faced by the French while educating the Vietnamese?

10. Briefly explain the innovations made in the printing technology during 19<sup>th</sup> and 20<sup>th</sup> centuries. (3)

OR

Explain the social changes that Thomas Hardy writes about in ‘*Mayor of Casterbridge*’

11. There is a high diversity in cropping pattern of India. Analyse the statement with the help of three cropping seasons which are practicing in India (G36) (3)

12. Elucidate, how we can control environmental degradation caused by industrialization. (3)

13. Briefly explain various features that make India as a federal country (3)

14. 'When we use social division in politics the ranges of outcome varies from place to place'. Explain the statement with examples. (3)

15. Briefly explain various challenges faced by democratic countries. (3)

16. Critically examine the progress of consumer movement in India. (3)

17. 'Money in your pocket cannot buy all the goods and services that you may need to live well'. Explain the statement (3)

18. 'Depositors and borrowers are essential component of a Bank'. Analyse the statement with the help of explaining the functions of a bank (3)

19. Write a short note about the Non-cooperation Movement of 1921 under the following heading (5)

- i. Why Non Cooperation Movement
- ii. Objectives of the Movement
- iii. Strategy used in the Movement

OR

'Even though Civil Disobedience Movement was a mile stone in the freedom movement of India, it was not free from limitations'. Explain the various limitations of Civil Disobedience Movement

20. Large number of indentured labour migrated from India to Caribbean Islands, but situation was very difficult. Write various methods that labours are used to survive in these regions (5)

OR

Briefly explain the life of workers during the initial stages of Industrial Revolution.

OR

‘Seven Islands of Bombay were joined into one landmass’; trace the development of Land Reclamation projects in Bombay

21. Briefly explain various types of roadways in India based on their capacity. (5)

OR

“The distribution pattern of the railway network in the country has been largely influenced by physiographic and economic factors”. Analyse the statement by taking development of railway in various regions of India.

22. Explain the constitutional provisions that make India a secular state. (5)

OR

Briefly explain the influence of caste in politics:

23. Indian political parties are facing various challenges. Briefly explain various efforts and suggestions to overcome these challenges and reform political parties. (5)

24. Unemployment is a major concern even today as concerned to Indian economy. Suggest any five methods to create more employment opportunity in our country (E28, 29) (5)

OR

Most of the developed countries have common historical shifts in three economic sectors. Elucidate

25. Describe the various factors that have enabled the globalization. (5)

### MAP QUESTIONS

26. Locate and label the place in the given outline map of India (1)  
The place where Indian National Congress held its session in 1927

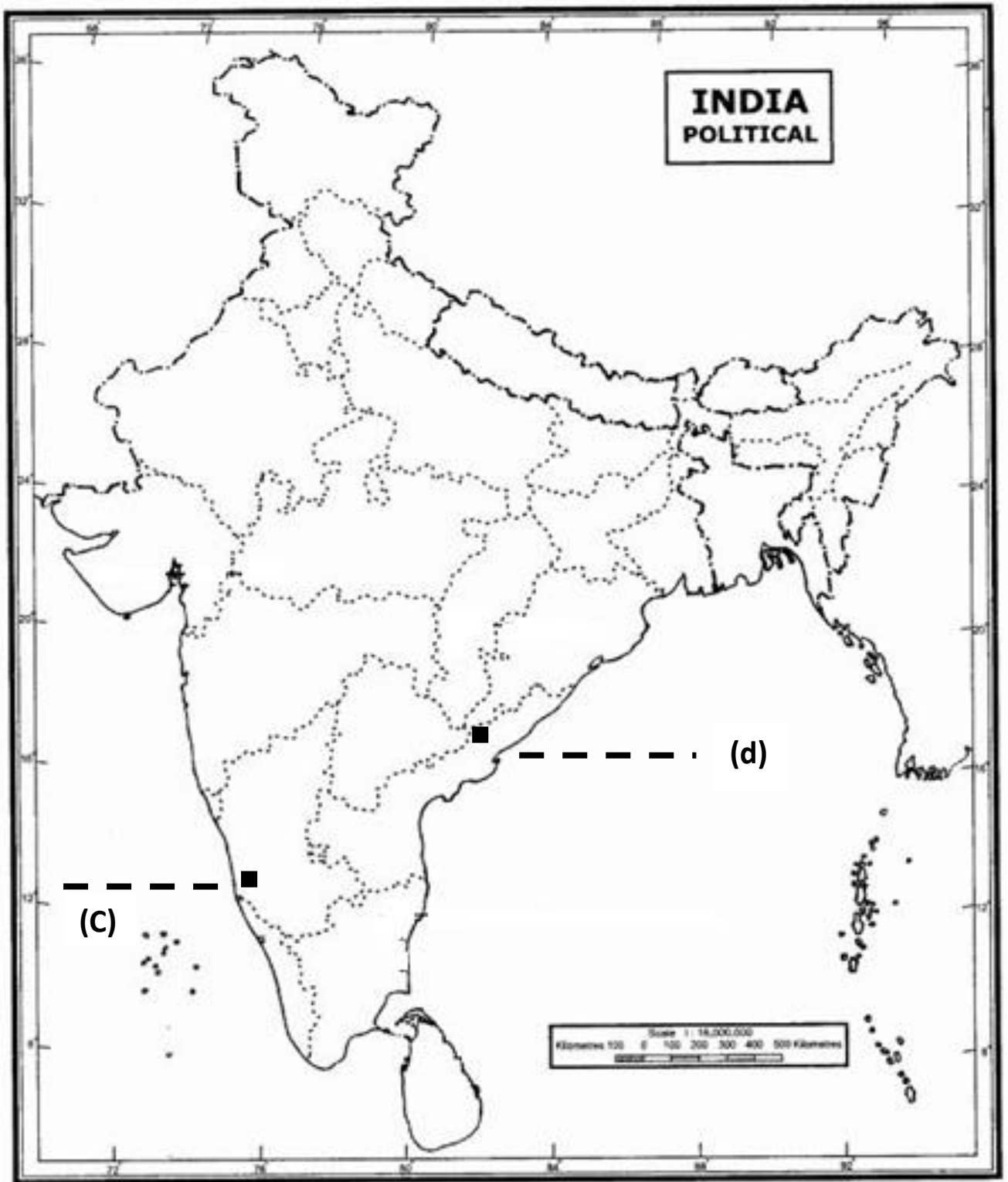
27. Locate and label the place in the given outline map of India (1)  
The place where Mahatma Gandhi organized Satyagraha for indigo planters

28. Locate and label the following on the given outline map of India (2)  
a. Korba Thermal power plant  
b. Naraura Nuclear power plant

Identify the following places marked on the same given outline map of India (2 x 1/5 =1)

- c. Iron ore mine
- d. Coal mine

Q No. 26,27 and 28



**Space for Rough work**