SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE 087)

CLASS X - SESSION 2019-20 PRE BOARD EXAMINATION

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- 2. Marks are indicated against each question.
- 3. Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.
- 4. Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- 5. Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- 6. Question number 35 is a map question of 6 marks with two parts 35 a. from History (2 marks) and 35b. from Geography (4 marks).

| | Match the following items given in column A with those in column B. Choose the correct answer from the options given below | | | |
|---|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|
| | COLUMN A | COLUMN 2 | | |
| | 'Accordion book' | Japan | | |
| | Diamond Sutra | England | | |
| | Chapbook | France | | |
| | "Biliotheque Bleue | China | | |
| , | (C) Many people Assembled there without knowing that Martial law was declared (D) People were violent against police Study the picture and answer the question that follows | | | |
| 3 | (D) People were violent against police | e | | |
| 3 | (D) People were violent against police | e | | |
| 3 | (D) People were violent against police Study the picture and answer the que | estion that follows Which of the following aspect best signifies the caricature (A) Strong policy of Otto von Bismarck (B) Bismarck suppress people (C) He is violent towards German Reichstag (parliament) members (D) He united the German People | | |

Complete the following

| Crop | Annual rainfall required | Temperature required | Season |
|-------|--------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Rice | above 100 cm | ? | ? |
| Wheat | ? | Cool growing season | ? |
| Maizo | 60cm to 100cm | ? | Kharif |
| Maize | 60cm to 100cm | | (Bihar it is Rabi crop) |

Write any two differences between vein and lodes

1

Correct the following sentence and re write

1

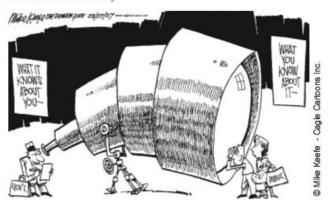
The ETHNIC composition of BELGIUM is very complex. Of the country's total population, 59 per cent lives in the Flemish region and speaks French language. Another 40 per cent people live in the Wallonia region and speak Dutch. Remaining one per cent of the Belgians speak German. In the capital city Brussels, 80 per cent people speak Dutch while 20 per cent are French speaking.

Power is shared among different level of government, such as the legislature, executive and judiciary

Which one of the following option best signifies this cartoon?

1

Governmental Secrecy



- (A) Information about government to the public is very less same time Government has large number of source to get information about public
- (B) Government can function only by observing public
- (C) Government and public are the part of same instrument.
- (D) There is big gap between government and Public

10 Boys and girls are brought up to believe that the main responsibility of women is housework and bringing up children. This is reflected in a in most families

OR Women's movements aimed at equality in personal and family life as well. These movements are

called movements. 11 What do you mean by 'federal form of Government'? OR

1

What do you mean by coming together federalism? Give two examples

1 1

1

- Who publish 'Human Development Report'? 12
- Which of the following statement defines Sustainable Development? 13
 - (A) Sustainable use of natural resources without considering the need of the future generation.
 - (B) Present generation fulfils its needs while considering the needs of the future generation as well.
 - (C) It means utilization of natural resources by the past, present and forthcoming future generation.
 - (D) To meets the needs of the future generations even if the needs of the present generation go unmet.

| | SIMPMN | 1PB0 |
|----|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|
| 14 | different persons could have different as well as notions of a country's development | 1 |
| 15 | Which of the following is not belongs to the Tertiary Sector of economy? (A) Banking (B) Transport (C) Mobile Service (D) Fishing | 1 |
| 16 | Which of the following is replaced by 'NITI AYOG'? (A) MGNREGA (B) Planning Commission (C) Five year Plan (D) None of these | 1 |
| 17 | Development of a country generally be determined by: (A) its per capita income (B) its literacy level (C) health status of its people (D) all above | 1 |
| 18 | Arrange the following in the correct sequence i. Purification of iron ore in blast furnace ii. Iron and steel production iii. Extraction of iron ore from iron ore mine iv. Transporting Iron and steel to automobile industries (A) II, I, III,IV (B) III, i, ii, iv (C) (B) III, i, iv, ii (D) iv, iii, ii, i | 1 |
| 19 | In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and chose the correct option: Assertion (A): If there is development in agriculture and Industrial sector tertiary sector automatically develops Reason (R): If income increases people prefer more services like eating out, tourism, shopping, private hospitals, private schools, professional training etc. which leads to the development of tertiary sector (A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (B) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (C) A is correct but R is wrong. (D) A is wrong but R is correct | 1 |
| 20 | It is festival season two months from now and the shoe manufacturer, Salim, has received an order from a large trader in town for 3,000 pairs of shoes to be delivered in a month time. To complete production on time, Salim has to hire a few more workers for stitching and pasting work. He has to purchase the raw materials. To meet these expenses, Salim obtains loans from two sources. First, he asks the leather supplier to supply leather now and promises to pay him later. Second, he obtains loan in cash from the large trader as advance payment for 1000 pairs of shoes with a promise to deliver the whole order by the end of the month. At the end of the month, Salim is able to deliver the order, make a good profit, and repay the money that he had borrowed Analyze the information given above, considering one of the following correct option to express correct situation of Salim after the loan (A) Better off (B) Worse off (C) Loan repayment very painful (D) No change | 1 |

| | SECTION – B SHORT ANSWER QUESTIONS | |
|----|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|
| 21 | First World War created a new economic and political situation in India. Explain OR Briefly explain the ideology of Satyagraha and explain Gandhiji's major Satyagraha in India | 3 |
| 22 | Nineteenth-century indenture has been described as a 'new system of slavery'. Explain the statement by analyzing the system of Indentured labour and real situation faced by workers OR Why did merchants moved to the countryside Europe during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries? Explain | 3 |
| 23 | Read the sources given below and answer the questions that follows- | 3 |

23 Read the sources given below and answer the questions that follows-

Source A- Books reaches into wider section of the society

Access to books created a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was restricted to the elites. Common people lived in a world of oral culture. They heard sacred texts read out, ballads recited, and folk tales narrated. Knowledge was transferred orally. People collectively heard a story, or saw a performance. Before the age of print, books were not only expensive but they could not be produced in sufficient numbers. Now books could reach out to wider sections of people. If earlier there was a hearing public, now a reading public came into being

Source B- Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.'

In 1517, the religious reformer Martin Luther wrote Ninety Five Theses criticizing many of the practices and rituals of the Roman Catholic Church. A printed copy of this was posted on a church door in Wittenberg. It challenged the Church to debate his ideas. Luther's writings were immediately reproduced in vast numbers and read widely. This lead to a division within the Church and to the beginning of the Protestant Reformation. Luther's translation of the New Testament sold 5,000 copies within a few weeks and a second edition appeared within three months. Deeply grateful to print, Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.'

Source C- 'Tremble, therefore, tyrants of the world!'

By the mid-eighteenth century, there was a common conviction that books were a means of spreading progress and enlightenment. Many believed that books could change the world, liberate society from despotism and tyranny, and herald a time when reason and intellect would rule. Louise-Sebastien Mercier, a novelist in eighteenth-century France, declared: 'The printing press is the most powerful engine of progress and public opinion is the force that will sweep despotism away.' In many of Mercier's novels, the heroes are transformed by acts of reading.

23.1 Source A- Books reaches into wider section of the society

How did the printed books transform the society from 'hearing public' to 'reading public'?

23.2 Source B- Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.' Why did Martin Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.'

23.3 Tremble, therefore, tyrants of the world!'

How did printed books help to sweep despotism away from Europe in 18th and 19th century

| Briefly explain the occurrence of minerals | 2 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| OR ' | 3 |
| Write a short note about the major iron ore belts in India are: | |
| Briefly explain various features of federalism | 3 |
| What is a political party? What are the functions of political parties? | 3 |
| Distinguish between formal and informal credit Sector of India OR | 3 |
| 'Cheap and affordable credit is crucial for the country's development'. Explain the statement with an example | |
| The workers in the unorganized sector need protection on the following issues : wages, safety and health. Explain with examples | 3 |
| SECTION – C LONG ANS. QUESTIONS | |
| Briefly explain various methods adopted by French revolutionaries to create the feeling of Nationalism OR Explain the process of German Unification | 5 |
| | 5 |
| We use different materials and services in our daily life. Some of these are available in our immediate surroundings, while other requirements are met by bringing things from other places. Goods and services do not move from supply locales to demand locales on their own. The movement of these goods and services from their supply locations to demand locations necessitates the need for transport Today, the world has been converted into a large village with the help of efficient and fast moving transport. Transport has been able to achieve this with the help of equally developed communication system. Therefore, transport, communication and trade are complementary to each other. Today, India is well-linked with the rest of the world despite its vast size, diversity and linguistic and sociocultural plurality. Railways, airways, waterways, newspapers, radio, television, cinema and internet, etc. have been contributing to its socio-economic progress in many ways. The trades from local to international levels have added to the vitality of its economy. It has enriched our life and added substantially to growing amenities and facilities for the comforts of life. 30.1 How transport support the development of an economy (1) | |
| | |
| 30.3 Why the integration of world is required? (1) | |
| 30.4 How do the transport contribute for Socio economic progress (2) | |
| Briefly explain the importance of manufacturing industry | 5 |
| Compare the ethnic composition of Belgium and Sri Lanka | 5 |
| Briefly explain the outcomes of democracy under the following heading 33.1 Economic Growth and development 33.2 Accommodation of Social diversity | 5 |
| How multinational Companies are interlinking production process | 5 |
| MAP SKILL BASED QUESTION | |
| (a) Two places (A) and (B) have been marked on the given outline map of India. Identify them and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them (A) The place where Jallianwala Bagh incident took place. (B) The place where the indigo planters movement took place. (b) Identify and name any four the following oil fields in the same outline map of India. | |
| | Briefly explain various features of federalism What is a political party? What are the functions of political parties? Distinguish between formal and informal credit Sector of India OR 'Cheap and affordable credit is crucial for the country's development'. Explain the statement with an example The workers in the unorganized sector need protection on the following issues: wages, safety and health. Explain with examples SECTION - C LONG ANS. QUESTIONS Briefly explain various methods adopted by French revolutionaries to create the feeling of Nationalism OR Explain the process of German Unification Read the extract and answer the questions that follows We use different materials and services in our daily life. Some of these are available in our immediate surroundings, while other requirements are met by bringing things from other places. Goods and services do not move from supply locales to demand locales on their own. The movement of these goods and services from their supply locations to demand locations necessitates the need for transport Today, the world has been converted into a large village with the help of efficient and fast moving transport. Transport has been able to achieve this with the help of equally developed communication system. Therefore, transport, communication and trade are complementary to each other. Today, India is well-linked with the rest of the world despite its vast size, diversity and linguistic and socio-cultural plurality. Railways, airways, waterways, newspapers, radio, television, cinema and internet, etc. have been contributing to its socio-economic progress in many ways. The trades from local to international levels have added to the vitality of its economy (1) 30.2 Why we say that transport is the life line of the economy? (1) 30.3 Why the integration of world is required? (1) 30.4 How do the transport contribute for Socio economic progress (2) Briefly explain the importance of manufacturing industry Compare the ethnic composition of Belgium and Sri Lanka Briefl |

