SOCIAL SCIENCE (CODE 087)

CLASS X - SESSION 2019-20 PRE BOARD EXAMINATION

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. The question paper has 35 questions in all.
- 2. Marks are indicated against each question.
- 3. Questions from serial number 1 to 20 are objective type questions. Each question carries one mark. Answer them as instructed.
- 4. Questions from serial number 21 to 28 are3 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 80 words each.
- 5. Questions from serial number 29 to 34 are 5 marks questions. Answer of these questions should not exceed 120 words each.
- 6. Question number 35 is a map question of 6 marks with two parts 35 a. from History (2 marks) and 35b. from Geography (4 marks).

	COLUMN A	COLUMN 2				
	1878	Began to edit the Bengal Gazette,				
	1908	Imprisonment of Balagangadhar Thilak				
	1780	Ninety Five Theses				
	1517	The Vernacular Press Act				
2	Which one of the following is n	ot an impact of 'Gandhi – Irwin' Pact				
	(A) Gandhiji consented to partic	cipate in a Round Table Conference				
	(B) British promised 'Swaraj' for	r India				
	(C) Civil Disobedience Movement was called off					
	(D) British government agreed to release the political prisoners					
		Who were the two rulers portrayed in the caricature? (A) Otto van Bismarck and William I (B) Garibaldi and King Victor Emmanuel I (C) Garibaldi and Cavour (D) Giuseppe Mazzini and Emmanuel I				
4	The 'July Revolution' sparked	an uprising in Brussels. What was its main impact?				
5	Which of the following is not correctly matched?					
	(A) Red laterite soils – Suitable for growing Cashew nut					
	(B) Alluvial – Suitable for growing Sugarcane and Paddy					

		1					
6	Which of the following is not true related oilseed cultivation in India?						
	(A) In 2015 India was the second largest producer of groundnut in the world after china.						
	(B) Different oil seeds are grown covering approximately 12 per cent of the total cropped area of the country						
	(C) Groundnut is a kharif crop and accounts for about half of the major oilseeds produced in the						
	country						
	(D) In rapeseed production India is the largest producer in the world						
7	What is the importance of Parvati valley near Manikarn in Himachal Pradesh and the Puga	1					
•	Valley, Ladakh?						
8	Correct the following sentence and re write						
	Power may also be shared among different political groups such as the religious and linguistic						
	groups. 'Community government' in Belgium is a good example of this arrangement.						
	OR						
	Fill in the blanks						
	Power may also be shared among different social groups such as the religious and linguistic						
	groups in Belgium is a good example of this arrangement						
9	Which one of the following option best signifies this cartoon?						
	BECTERONICE LINE & MILL						
	(A) Women are safer in democracy						
	(B) Women holds power in democracy						
	(C) Women's role in the present society						
	(D) Inequality and insecurity of women						
	(b) mequality and insecurity of women						
	S OUR LENGES TOP						
10	Miles a search search in a search in a	1					
10	When people say that a caste is aof one party, it usually means that a						
	large proportion of the voters from that caste vote for that party.						
	OR						
	New kinds of caste groups have come up in the political arena like and						
11	caste groups	1					
11	What was the main reasons for the significant changes in centre state relation after 1990						
	OR						

								SIMPM	ІМРВ3
12	Calculate average income of country A and Country B								1
	Country	Monthly Incomes of citizens in 2010							
	G	ļ.,	1 11	1 111	1 177	1 37			
	Country A	10000	9500	III 10500	IV 11000	9810	Average		
	Country B	1500	1200	600	50000	450			
					10			18	
13	Average person in Haryana has more income than the average person in Kerala but lags behind in these crucial economic areas? What is the main reason for this?								
	(A) Kerala receives more financial aid from central government								
	(B) Kerala situated in south India (C) Kerala ensures efficient and effective public facilities								
	-			•	facilities				
	(D) Industria								
14	l -			ed by the UN	IDP for me	asuring develo	opment differe	nt from	1
	the one used	d by the W	orld Bank?						
15	Which of the	e following	is not correc	ctly matched	l?				1
	(A) (Ownershin	of enterprise	25	Pr	ivate and Publ	ic sectors	1	
		Working Co				ganized and L			
			w materials				ondary sector		
16	Which of the following is replaced by 'NITI AYOG'?								1
	(A) MGNREC				ining Comi				
	(C) Five year	Plan		(D) Nor	ne of these				
17	Which of the following is an activity of tertiary sector?								
	(a) Ban	king		•	(b)	Dairy			
	(c) Tran	nsport			(d)	Communic	ation		
- 10		-			` '				
18	Arrange the	•		•					1
	i. Purification of iron ore in blast furnace ii. Iron and steel production								
	iii. Extraction of iron ore from iron ore mine								
	iv. Transporting Iron and steel to automobile industries								
	(A) II, I, III,IV		(B) III, i, ii, i			III, i, iv, ii	(D) iv, iii, ii,		1
19	In the question given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R).								
	Read the statements and chose the correct option:								
	Assertion (A): If there is development in agriculture and Industrial sector tertiary sector								
	automatically develops								
	Reason (R): If income increases people prefer more services like eating out, tourism, shopping,								
	private hospitals, private schools, professional training etc. which leads to the development of								
	tertiary sector								
	(A) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.								
	(B) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.(C) A is correct but R is wrong.								
	-		_						
	(D) A is wror	ig but K is (Jorrect						1

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- It is festival season two months from now and the shoe manufacturer, Salim, has received an order from a large trader in town for 3,000 pairs of shoes to be delivered in a month time.
 - 2. To complete production on time, Salim has to hire a few more workers for stitching and pasting work. He has to purchase the raw materials.
 - 3. To meet these expenses, Salim obtains loans from two sources. First, he asks the leather supplier to supply leather now and promises to pay him later.
 - 4. Second, he obtains loan in cash from the large trader as advance payment for 1000 pairs of shoes with a promise to deliver the whole order by the end of the month.
 - 5. At the end of the month, Salim is able to deliver the order, make a good profit, and repay the money that he had borrowed

Analyze the information given above, considering one of the following correct option to express correct situation of Salim after the loan

(A) Better off

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- (B) Worse off
- (C) Loan repayment very painful
- (D) No change
- 21 'Arrival of Simon Commission changed Indian Political Situation' Analyze the statement OR

3

'Lahore Session of Indian National Congress is a remarkable incidents in Indian history'. Evaluate the statement

3

- Briefly explain the 'Rise of Mass Production and Consumption' in USA after the implantation of Assembly line Method of production
- Why did merchants moved to the countryside Europe during the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries? Explain
- 23 Read the sources given below and answer the questions that follows-

3

Source A- Books reaches into wider section of the society

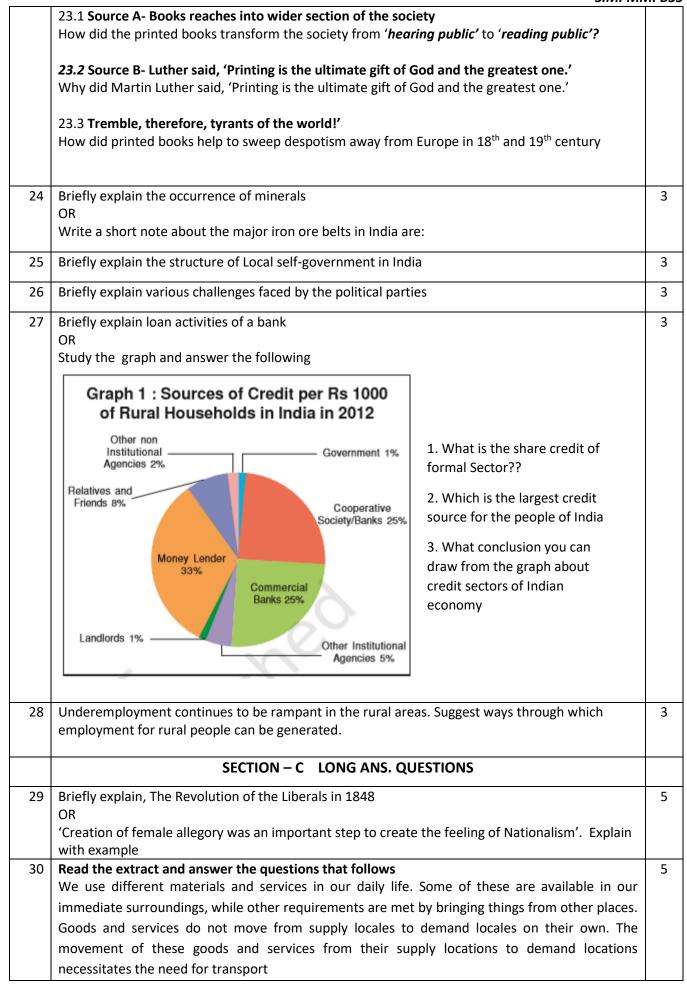
Access to books created a new culture of reading. Earlier, reading was restricted to the elites. Common people lived in a world of oral culture. They heard sacred texts read out, ballads recited, and folk tales narrated. Knowledge was transferred orally. People collectively heard a story, or saw a performance. Before the age of print, books were not only expensive but they could not be produced in sufficient numbers. Now books could reach out to wider sections of people. If earlier there was a hearing public, now a reading public came into being

Source B- Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.'

In 1517, the religious reformer Martin Luther wrote Ninety Five Theses criticizing many of the practices and rituals of the Roman Catholic Church. A printed copy of this was posted on a church door in Wittenberg. It challenged the Church to debate his ideas. Luther's writings were immediately reproduced in vast numbers and read widely. This lead to a division within the Church and to the beginning of the Protestant Reformation. Luther's translation of the New Testament sold 5,000 copies within a few weeks and a second edition appeared within three months. **Deeply grateful to print, Luther said, 'Printing is the ultimate gift of God and the greatest one.'**

Source C- 'Tremble, therefore, tyrants of the world!'

By the mid-eighteenth century, there was a common conviction that books were a means of spreading progress and enlightenment. Many believed that books could change the world, liberate society from despotism and tyranny, and herald a time when reason and intellect would rule. Louise-Sebastien Mercier, a novelist in eighteenth-century France, declared: 'The printing press is the most powerful engine of progress and public opinion is the force that will sweep despotism away.' In many of Mercier's novels, the heroes are transformed by acts of reading.



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	Today, the world has been converted into a large village with the help of efficient and fast moving						
	transport. Transport has been able to achieve this with the help of equally developed						
	communication system. Therefore, transport, communication and trade are complementary to						
	each other. Today, India is well-linked with the rest of the world despite its vast size, diversity and						
	linguistic and socio-cultural plurality. Railways, airways, waterways, newspapers, radio, television,						
	cinema and internet, etc. have been contributing to its socio-economic progress in many ways.						
	The trades from local to international levels have added to the vitality of its economy. It has						
	enriched our life and added substantially to growing amenities and facilities for the comforts of						
	life.						
	30.1 How transport support the development of an economy (1)						
	30.2 Why we say that transport is the life line of the economy? (1)						
	30.3 Why the integration of world is required? (1)						
	30.4 How do the transport contribute for Socio economic progress (2)						
31	Why iron and steel industry is known as basic industry? Explain major challenges of this industry	5					
32	Compare the between the policy of majoritarianism adopted in Sri Lanka and Accommodation in Belgium	5					
33	Is democracy is accountable legitimate and responsive government. Explain	5					
34	Briefly explain various strategies used by Multinational Companies to control the market	5					
35	 (a) Two places A and B have been marked on the given political outline map of India. Identify them with the help of the following information and write their correct names on the lines drawn near them. 1 × 2 = 2 A. The place of Civil Disobedience Movement B. The place where the Non-Cooperation Movement was called-off. (b) On the same outline map of India locate and label any four of the following with suitable symbols. 1 × 4 = 4 (i) Surat - Cotton Textile Centre. (ii) Naraura - Nuclear Power Plant. (iii)New Mangalore - Seaport (iv)Gandbinagar - Software Technology Park (v) Hyderabad - Rajiv Gandhi International Airport. 						
	(vi)Srinagar - Software Technology Park						

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